

## A vision for European biomedical and health research

Biomedical and health research: developing a vision for Europe FEAM European Biomedical Policy Forum annual lecture Brussels, 21 March 2018

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### Late spring 2018

• Proposal for the EU's long term budget

• Proposals for the EU programmes for the policy areas including for research and innovation (FP 9).





## Main policy initiatives in the coming months beyond FP9

> Digital transformation of health and care

Improving Health Security in the EU – a one health approach to counteracting the threat from infectious diseases

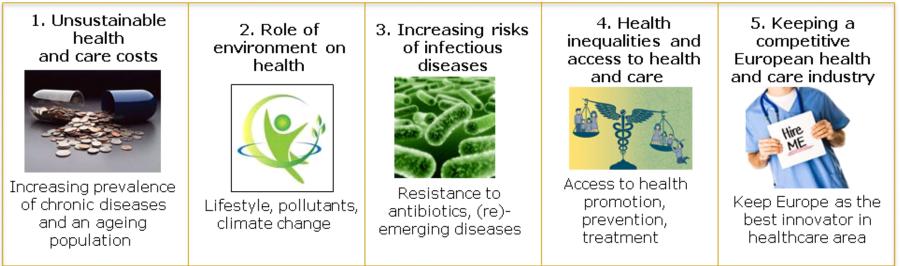
Council Recommendations on Vaccination

> Review of EU activities on Personalised Medicine





#### What challenges lie ahead ?



- Health care expenditure of EU countries is steadily increasing and now accounts for nearly 10% of GDP, as a result of increasing prevalence of chronic diseases due to unhealthy lifestyles and an ageing population.
- Avoidable environmental factors cause 1.4 million deaths yearly in the EU.
- Infections resistant to antimicrobials (AMR) cause 25'000 deaths yearly in the EU and 700 000 deaths globally.
- Life expectancy in some EU countries is six years lower than the average.
- EU healthcare industry accounts for 3% of GDP and 1.5 million employees.



## How to design a Research and Innovation programme that will have the impact we want on these challenges?





#### What do EU R&I offer? What is our basis?

#### A diversified palette of instruments for R&I -1-

• More than 1000 **transnational collaborative projects** underway, with over 10 000 participants.

→ Increased European human capital on health research and its excellence. Networking of health R&I across Europe and beyond.

• A public-private partnership (the world's largest in health): IMI

→ European-wide unmet medical needs addressed

• **Coordinating national funding programmes** : EDCTP, JPND, JPAMR, HBM4EU

 $\rightarrow$  EU helps countries pooling their resources.





## What do EU R&I offer? What is our basis?

#### A diversified palette of instruments for R&I- 2

• Some 10 **global consortia of health research funding agencies** aligning health R&I funding at international scale

→ Alignment of international health R&I efforts

• A **specific finance facility for loans** to innovators addressing infectious diseases

 $\rightarrow$  R&I investments leveraged, incentives to adress crucial risky areas

• Horizon Prizes

→ Innovative solutions to targeted health challenges





## Some significant achievements already

• A projected 56 000 high-level scientific articles in health

• 500 000 new compound candidates for new drugs made them available to other researchers; and experts across Europe (IMI)

• A rapid response to help eradicating Ebola



#### EU research investment leveraging other funds Changing breast cancer practice





#### PERSONALISED MEDICINE

tailor-made prevention, diagnosis and treatment for individuals or groups of individuals

#### Enabling

HEALTHIER, MORE PRODUCTIVE LIVES.

Significant EU investments in research on personalised medicine to

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#### TREAT PATIENTS WITH THE THERAPIES • THAT WORK BEST FOR THEM

many common medicines are not effective for many patients

#### CUT HEALTHCARE COSTS .

as Europe's population ages and chronic diseases become more prevalent

#### DRIVE HEALTHCARE INNOVATION Establish Europe as a global leader in healthcare industry and innovation, and create jobs and economic growth

#### AVOID ADVERSE REACTIONS

#### TO MEDICINES

6% of acute hospital admissions are due to serious adverse reactions to medicines



The **project ESPOIR** (FP7) developed a **new heart value replacement methodology for children** that does not to activate the immune system and regenerates tissues. It is already accepted and reimbursed in 6 countries.



## Examples of orphan therapy development funded through Horizon 2020

European



UM

2020

**BATCure :** New therapies for a group of rare lysosomal diseases, neuronal ceroid lipofuscinoses or Batten disease



**MYOCURE :** Innovative gene therapy platform to cure rare hereditary muscle disorders focusing on myotubular myopathy (MTM) and glycogen storage disorder (GSD) type II



**UM Cure 2020 :** Novel therapeutic approaches for treatment of uveal melanoma

**SCIDNET :** Developing genetic medicines for Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (SCID)

esearch an

VISION-DMD

**VISION-DMD :** Advancing development of steroid-like orphan drug VBP15 as therapy for patients with Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy

More information available on Cordis Project Search: http://cordis.europa.eu/projects/home\_en.html



#### How can we have more impact?

#### Key findings of the Interim Evaluation of Horizon 2020:

**An attractive, simplified and well-performing programme,** highly relevant for stakeholders and societal needs.

On track to deliver value for money and to meet its knowledgecreation objectives.

Strong **EU Added Value** through unique opportunities, competition & access to new knowledge.

There is **room for improvement:** 

- The strategic challenges and objectives are not always clearly translated in specific calls and topics.
- Low involvement of civil society (but improved over FP7). Need to bring R&I closer to the public.

> Establish an impact-focused, <u>mission-oriented</u> approach







• "Lamy report" - Recommendation 5: Adopt a mission-oriented, impact-focused approach to address global challenges

Action: Set research and innovation missions that address global challenges and mobilise researchers, innovators and other stakeholders to realise them.



#### **Towards FP9**



Research and

"We need to define missions that break down silos.

We have made progress in Horizon 2020 to focus resources in selected areas. But we still support too many different projects that disperse or fragment our funding.



We need to set our eyes on a specific target, and drive our scientific efforts towards reaching that target. And we need to be ambitious about it."

#### MISSIONS

Mission-Oriented Research & Innovation in the European Union

A problem-solving approach to fuel innovation-led growth by Mariana MAZZUCATO



The <u>report</u> describes **key criteria to select missions** and important **factors for implementation** (released by Prof. Mariana Mazzucato on 22/2/2018).

A <u>Call for Feedback on missions</u> on the basis of this report is **open until 3 April 2018** 



#### Criteria for selecting R&I missions proposed by Prof Mazzucato



Bold, inspirational, with wide societal relevance

➤ A clear direction: Targeted, measurable and time-bound

> Ambitious but realistic R&I actions

Cross-disciplinary, cross-sectoral and cross-actor innovation

Multiple bottom-up solutions

Research and Innovation



### **Key factors for implementing R&I missions at EU level**



- **Engagement** of diverse national and regional stakeholders
- Measurement of progress and impact by goals and milestones
- A **portfolio of instruments** to foster bottom-up solutions
- Flexibility, pro-active management and building in-house capabilities
- Public engagement
  - Public participation in the selection process
  - Public inclusion in the implementation / Citizens as active participants in missions

# Moving from broad specific missions

#### challenges to

"The '**granularity**' of European research and innovation missions sits between broad challenges and concrete projects. Missions set clear and ambitious objectives that can only be achieved by a portfolio of research and innovation projects and supportive measures." (Mazzucato report)



Political Agenda Setting and Civic Engagement

¦ ¦ Clear Targeted Missions



Portfolio of projects and bottom-up experimentation





#### **Illustrative example from Horizon 2020:** tackling the global challenge of rare diseases

#### Challenges

- 6000-8000 diseases more than 30 million patients in EU
- Huge unmet medical needs for patients across the globe
- Small patient populations for individual diseases
- Scarce and scattered research resources and expertise





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**Over 50 international partners from 5 continents: public funders, private companies, foundations and patient organisations** 







"to stimulate, coordinate & maximise output of rare disease research efforts around the world"

#### Goals by 2020:

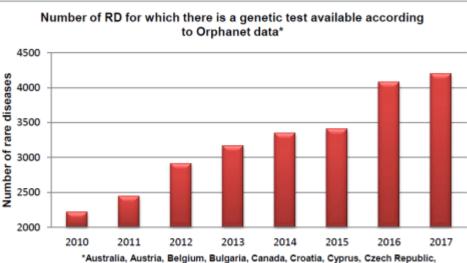
CONSORTIUM

- 200 new therapies for rare diseases
- Means to diagnose most rare diseases

Number of new orphan drugs, EMA and FDA cumulatively



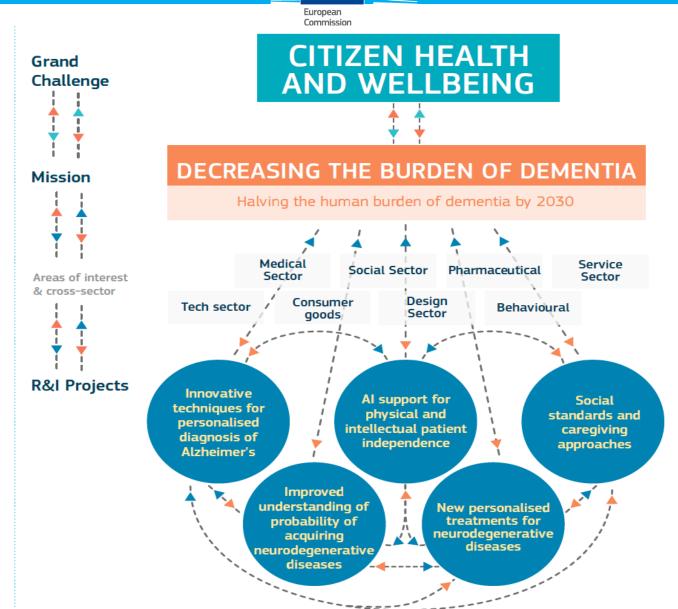
www.IRDiRC.org Goal achieved in 2016



\*Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lebanon, Lithuania, Macedonia, Morocco, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Switzerland, Sweden, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom

Research and Innovation Number of genetic tests available

# Under FP9: An example of a possible mission





## THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

*This presentation does not represent a formal position of the European Commission. Please refer to official documents* 

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## HORIZON 2020

**Find out more:** <u>http://ec.europa.eu/programmes/horizon2020/</u> <u>http://ec.europa.eu/research/health/index.cfm?pg=home</u>

#### Funding opportunities:

http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/portal/desktop/en/ home.html

#### Information about financial instruments:

http://www.eib.org/products/blending/innovfin/